The Life of Gustav Holst

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Early Years

Gustav Holst, born on September 21, 1874, in Cheltenham, England, was destined to make a substantial mark on the world of music. The story of his early years offers a glimpse into the formative experiences and influences that shaped this remarkable composer. Holst came from a musically inclined family; his father, Adolph Holst, was a professional pianist and organist, while his mother, Clara Von Holst, was a singer of Austrian descent. This rich musical heritage had an undeniable impact on young Gustav's budding passion for music.

Holst was a frail child, suffering from neuritis, a debilitating nerve condition that would trouble him for most of his life. This illness often kept him confined indoors, where he found solace in the world of music. His father, recognizing Gustav's potential, provided him with piano lessons from a young age. However, the strain of playing the piano aggravated his neuritis, leading him to explore other instruments. It was during this period that Holst discovered the trombone, an instrument that he would continue to play throughout his life. Not only did the trombone offer him a physical outlet for music, but it also introduced him to the world of orchestral music, a genre that would deeply influence his later compositions.

Holst's school years were marked by both struggles and achievements. Academically, he wasn't particularly strong, but his talents in music and languages stood out. He attended Cheltenham Grammar School, where he was already composing music by his early teens. Despite his father's desires for him to follow a more practical career, Holst was determined to pursue music. His persistence paid off when he earned a scholarship to the Royal College of Music in London at the age of 17.

The transition from a provincial town to the bustling metropolis of London was overwhelming, yet exhilarating for Holst. It was at the Royal College of Music that he truly began to bloom. Under the tutelage of Charles Villiers Stanford, one of Britain's most esteemed composers and teachers, Holst started to develop his unique compositional voice. Though the conservative environment of the College initially stifled his creative instincts, it also provided him with a solid foundation in music theory and composition.

Holst's early compositions from this period were eclectic, reflecting his wide-ranging musical interests. He was fascinated by Wagner, whose influence can be discerned in his early works. However, he was also drawn to English folk music, a genre that would later become a crucial element of his musical language. The confluence of these diverse influences was the beginning of Holst's distinct musical style, characterized by its rich orchestration and innovative treatment of harmony.



Outside the classroom, Holst immersed himself in London's vibrant cultural scene. He attended concerts, operas, and plays, which broadened his artistic horizons. Despite his modest means—he often had to live frugally—Holst remained undeterred. His early years in London also brought him into contact with contemporary composers like Ralph Vaughan Williams, who would become a lifelong friend and colleague. The mutual exchange of ideas between Holst and Vaughan Williams was instrumental in shaping the trajectories of both composers.

In summary, the early years of Gustav Holst's life were a tapestry of familial influence, personal struggle, and burgeoning creativity. The long hours spent practicing and composing, often in the face of physical discomfort, laid the groundwork for a career that would leave an indelible mark on the world of classical music. From the confines of his childhood home in Cheltenham to the expansive opportunities of London, Holst's early experiences were instrumental in shaping the composer who would go on to create some of the most innovative music of the 20th century.



